ABN: 58 895 584 259

Financial Statements

ABN: 58 895 584 259

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Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

| | Note | 2024 \$ | 2023 \$ |
|--|------|-------------|-------------|
| Operating activities | | • | • |
| Revenue | 2 | 9,903,476 | 9,302,820 |
| Employee benefits expense | | (7,183,388) | (7,331,005) |
| Occupancy expenses | | (496,995) | (469,651) |
| Consultants and professional fees | | (478,249) | (336,718) |
| Medical supplies | | (427,024) | (386,953) |
| Event co-ordination and facilitation costs | | (266,794) | (115,002) |
| Office expenses | | (187,146) | (164,976) |
| Interest expense | | (167,031) | (143,176) |
| Depreciation expense | | (157,113) | (124,259) |
| Other expenses | _ | (426,829) | (562,385) |
| Surplus/(deficit) from operating activities | | 112,907 | (331,305) |
| Capital activities | | | |
| Capital gain/(loss) on financial assets | _ | 28,739 | 62,338 |
| Surplus/(deficit) from capital activities | _ | 28,739 | 62,338 |
| Surplus/(deficit) for the year | = | 141,646 | (268,967) |
| Other comprehensive income | | | |
| Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Gain on revaluation property, plant and equipment | _ | - | - |
| Other comprehensive income for the year | | <u> </u> | - |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | = | 141,646 | (268,967) |

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Statement of Financial Position

As at 30 June 2024

| | Note | 2024 \$ | 2023 \$ |
|---------------------------------|------|------------|-------------------|
| ASSETS | | | |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 3 | 77,511 | 428,199 |
| Trade and other receivables | 4 | 993,375 | 760,809 |
| Financial assets | 5 | 971,395 | 948,576 |
| Other assets | 6 _ | 237,072 | 150,537 |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | _ | 2,279,353 | 2,288,121 |
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS | _ | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 8 | 12,285,463 | 12,345,072 |
| Intangible assets | 7 _ | 162,234 | 203,165 |
| TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS | _ | 12,447,697 | 12,548,237 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | _ | 14,727,050 | 14,836,358 |
| LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 9 | 915,472 | 819,603 |
| Employee benefits | 11 | 703,085 | 734,520 |
| Other liabilities | 12 _ | 702,986 | 424,171 |
| TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES | _ | 2,321,543 | 1,978,294 |
| NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| Borrowings | 10 | 2,400,000 | 2,985,414 |
| Employee benefits | 11 _ | 14,845 | 23,634 |
| TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | _ | 2,414,845 | 3,009,048 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | _ | 4,736,388 | 4,987,342 |
| NET ASSETS | _ | 9,990,662 | 9,849,016 |
| | | | |
| EQUITY | | | |
| Reserves | 13 | 5,972,489 | 5,972,489 |
| Retained earnings | _ | 4,018,173 | 3,876,527 |
| TOTAL EQUITY | = | 9,990,662 | 9,849,016 |

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Statement of Changes in Equity

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

2024

| | Retained Earnings \$ | Asset Revaluation Reserve \$ | Special Purpose Funds \$ | Total \$ |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Balance at 1 July 2023 | 3,876,527 | 5,021,922 | 950,567 | 9,849,016 |
| Surplus/(deficit) for the year | 141,646 | <u> </u> | <u>-</u> | 141,646 |
| Balance at 30 June 2024 | 4,018,173 | 5,021,922 | 950,567 | 9,990,662 |
| 2023 | | Asset | Special | |
| | Retained Earnings | Revaluation Reserve | Purpose Funds | Total |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Balance at 1 July 2022 | 4,145,494 | 5,021,922 | 950,567 | 10,117,983 |
| Surplus/(deficit) for the year | (268,967) | - | - | (268,967) |
| Balance at 30 June 2023 | 3,876,527 | 5,021,922 | 950,567 | 9,849,016 |

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Statement of Cash Flows

| | Note | 2024 \$ | 2023 \$ |
|--|------|--------------|-------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | HOLE | Ψ | Ψ |
| Receipts from customers, donors and grants | | 11,174,313 | 9,194,874 |
| Payments to suppliers and employees | | (10,772,928) | (9,774,495) |
| Interest, dividends and franking credits received | | 51,025 | 58,837 |
| Interest paid | _ | (167,031) | (143,138) |
| Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities | 18 _ | 285,379 | (663,922) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | | | |
| Proceeds on sale of investments in listed securities and managed funds | | 5,920 | 455,294 |
| Payment for property, plant and equipment | | (56,573) | (51,165) |
| Payment for intangible assets | _ | - | (202,813) |
| Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities | _ | (50,653) | 201,316 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | | |
| Borrowings procured/(repaid) | _ | (585,414) | |
| Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities | _ | (585,414) | |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents held | | (350,688) | (462,606) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year | | 428,199 | 890,805 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year | 3 = | 77,511 | 428,199 |

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

Entity information

The financial report covers Skin Health Institute Inc. as an individual entity. Skin Health Institute Inc. is an incorporated Association, established under the *Associations Incorporation Reform Act (Vic) 2012*, and is registered and domiciled in the State of Victoria. The Association is a not-for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

Skin Health Institute acts as a centre of excellence for skin health and dermatology, with an aim to improve skin health awareness and outcomes for all Australians. The principal activities of the Association for the year ended 30 June 2024 were:

- Provision of innovative treatment and patient-centred care across a network of subspecialty clinics;
- Provision of education to Victorian dermatology registrars, specialists and GPs; and
- Research activities to help shape treatment and practice.

1 Summary of Material Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of preparation

In the opinion of the board members, the Association is not a reporting entity since there are unlikely to exist users of the financial statements who are not able to command the preparation of reports tailored so as to satisfy specifically all of their information needs. These special purpose financial statements have been prepared to meet the reporting requirements of the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012.*

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities. The following significant accounting policies, which are consistent with the previous period unless stated otherwise, have been adopted in the preparation of these financial statements. The functional and presentation currency of Skin Health Institute Inc. is Australian dollars.

Statement of Compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement requirements of applicable Australian Accounting Standards, except as specifically described below, and the disclosure requirements of AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements, AASB 107 Statement of Cash Flows, AASB 108 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors and AASB 1054 Australian Additional Disclosures. The Association has also elected to early-adopt the requirements of AASB 2022-6 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Non-current Liabilities with Covenants.

Recognition and measurement requirements of Australian Accounting Standards have not been applied in relation to employee benefits. Specifically, employee benefits that are expected to be settled more than one year after the end of the financial year have been recognised at the value of estimated future cash outflows to settle these obligations, but only for employees that are presently entitled to receive benefits, or for long service leave liabilities, employees that have reached at least five years of service. As such, this treatment does not fully comply with AASB 119 Employees Benefits.

The Association has concluded that the requirements set out in AASB 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and AASB 128 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures are not applicable as the assessment on its interests in other entities indicated that it does not have any subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

1 Summary of Material Accounting Policies

(b) Revenue

Revenue from contracts with customers

The Association earns revenue from contracts with customers principally from the following:

- Clinical consultation fees for the provision of skin health-related services to patients.
- Dermatological testing services;
- Administration of clinical trials and collection of trial data for medical research organisations and pharmaceutical companies;
- Sponsorships and grants to fund professional educational and clinical research; and
- Subscriptions to clinical databases administered by the Association.

Clinical consultation fees are recognised as revenue at the point-in-time the consultation is provided to the patient. Revenue is recognised net of any amounts that are required to be shared with partner doctors providing services through private clinics.

Dermatological testing services are provided through the operation of Contact Allergen Bank Australia. Under this service, the Association prepares testing kits and resources which are offered to dermatologists. Revenue is recognised at the point-in-time the kits and resources are sent to the customer.

Clinical trials are coordinated by the Association. Revenue is recognised over time as the Association satisfied its obligations under its contracts with its clinical trial partners. These obligations principally consist of the collection and distribution of trial data.

Sponsorship income is recognised as revenue either over time, or at a point-in-time, as performance obligations under contracts with customers are satisfied.

Clinical database subscriptions are recognised as revenue over time to cover the subscription period (generally annual) for which each subscriber is entitled access to the applicable database.

Contract assets and liabilities

Consideration paid by the customer in advance of the satisfaction of performance obligations is recognised as a contract liability.

Costs incurred in fulfilling a contract in progress (where performance obligations are not yet satisfied) are recognised as a contract cost asset where the costs relate directly to the satisfaction of contract performance obligations and are expected to be recovered.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

1 Summary of Material Accounting Policies

(b) Revenue

Grants, donations and bequests

When the Association receives grants, donations and bequests, it assesses whether a contract exists and whether that contract is enforceable and has sufficiently specific performance obligations in accordance with AASB 15.

When these conditions are satisfied, the Association:

- identifies each performance obligation relating to the grant, donation or bequest;
- recognises a contract liability for its obligations under the contract; and
- recognises revenue as it satisfied its performance obligations.

When the contract is not enforceable or does not have sufficiently specific performance obligations, the grant, donation or bequest is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Rental income

Rental income from operating leases are recognised on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease term so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return.

(c) Income Tax

The Association is a charity registered with the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission, and accordingly is exempt from income tax under Division 50 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997.

The Association is a charity registered with the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission, and accordingly is exempt from income tax under Division 50 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997*.

(d) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Receivables and payable are stated inclusive of GST.

Cash flows in the statement of cash flows are included on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified as operating cash flows.

(e) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

1 Summary of Material Accounting Policies

(f) Property, Plant and Equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment.

Land and buildings

Land and buildings are shown at their fair value based on periodic, but at least triennial, valuations by external independent valuers, less subsequent depreciation for buildings. In periods when land and buildings are not subject to independent valuation, the board members review the valuation to ensure the carrying amount for the land and buildings is not materially different to its estimated fair value.

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of property, plant and equipment recognised at fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the asset revaluation reserve in equity. Revaluation decreases that offset previous increases of the same class of assets shall be recognised in other comprehensive income. All other decreases are recognised in profit or loss.

Any accumulated depreciation at the date of the revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount is restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis and are therefore carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. In the event the carrying amount of plant and equipment is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, the carrying amount is written down immediately to its estimated recoverable amount and impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, excluding freehold land, is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the asset's useful life to the Association, commencing when the asset is ready for use.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable asset are shown below:

| Asset class | Depreciation rate |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|
| Buildings | 2.5% |
| Plant and Equipment | 5% - 50% |
| Furniture, fixtures and fittings | 5% - 10% |
| Surgical Equipment | 10% |
| Computers equipment | 25% - 50% |
| Computer software | 25% - 50% |

At the end of each annual reporting period, the depreciation method, useful life and residual value of each asset is reviewed. Any revisions are accounted for prospectively as a change in estimate.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

1 Summary of Material Accounting Policies

(g) Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recognised initially on the date that the Association becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. On initial recognition, all financial instruments are measured at fair value plus transaction costs (except for instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss where transaction costs are expensed as incurred).

Financial assets

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Classification

On initial recognition, the Association classifies its financial assets into the following categories, those measured at:

- amortised cost
- fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Association changes its business model for managing financial assets.

Financial assets at amortised cost

The Association's financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position.

Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less provision for impairment.

Interest income, foreign exchange gains or losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income as described above are measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

Net gains or losses, including any interest or dividend income are recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets

Impairment of financial assets is recognised on an expected credit loss (ECL) basis for the following assets:

financial assets measured at amortised cost

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

1 Summary of Material Accounting Policies

(g) Financial instruments

Financial assets

Trade receivables

Impairment of trade receivables have been determined using the simplified approach in AASB 9 which uses an estimation of lifetime expected credit losses. The Association has determined the probability of non-payment of the receivable and multiplied this by the amount of the expected loss arising from default.

The amount of the impairment is recorded in a separate allowance account with the loss being recognised in finance expense. Once the receivable is determined to be uncollectable then the gross carrying amount is written off against the associated allowance.

Where the Association renegotiates the terms of trade receivables due from certain customers, the new expected cash flows are discounted at the original effective interest rate and any resulting difference to the carrying value is recognised in profit or loss.

Other financial assets measured at amortised cost

Impairment of other financial assets measured at amortised cost are determined using the expected credit loss model in AASB 9. On initial recognition of the asset, an estimate of the expected credit losses for the next 12 months is recognised. Where the asset has experienced a significant increase in credit risk, the lifetime losses are estimated and recognised.

Financial liabilities

The Association measures all financial liabilities initially at fair value less transaction costs, Subsequently, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

The financial liabilities of the Association comprise trade payables, bank and other loans and lease liabilities.

(h) Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period the Association determines whether there is evidence of an impairment indicator for non-financial assets.

Where an indicator exists and regardless for indefinite life intangible assets and intangible assets not yet available for use, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated. Where assets do not operate independently of other assets, the recoverable amount of the relevant cash-generating unit (CGU) is estimated.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the higher of the fair value less costs of disposal and the value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from an asset or cash-generating unit. Where the recoverable amount is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Reversal indicators are considered in subsequent periods for all assets which have suffered an impairment loss.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

1 Summary of Material Accounting Policies

(i) Employee benefits

Provision is made for the Association's liability for employee benefits, those benefits that are expected to be wholly settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled.

Employee benefits expected to be settled more than one year after the end of the reporting period have been measured at the value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits. This value is limited to employees that have met the conditions for the entitlement to receive benefits, or in the case of long service leave entitlements, employees that have reached five years of service or more.

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution superannuation plans are recognised as an employee benefit expense in profit or loss in the periods in which services are provided by employees.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

| 2 | n | | _ | | |
|----------|---|----|----|----|----|
| Z | ĸ | ev | eı | ΠL | ıe |

| _ | Revenue | | | |
|---|--|------|-----------|-----------|
| | | | 2024 | 2023 |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Note | \$ | \$ |
| | Revenue from contracts with customers: | | | |
| | - Clinical consultation fees | | 4,971,780 | 4,448,715 |
| | - Contact Allergen Bank Australia testing services | | 349,083 | 325,181 |
| | - Clinical trials income | | 766,613 | 669,476 |
| | - Conference and workshop sponsorships | | 950,073 | 841,215 |
| | - Education and research grants | | 2,002,692 | 2,234,937 |
| | - Clinical database registrations | _ | 269,695 | 268,810 |
| | | | 9,309,936 | 8,788,334 |
| | Revenue from other sources | | | |
| | - Rental income | | 403,762 | 324,614 |
| | - Donations and bequests | | 121,810 | 112,659 |
| | - Interest and dividend income | | 51,858 | 63,190 |
| | - Other revenue | _ | 16,110 | 14,023 |
| | | _ | 593,540 | 514,486 |
| | Total Revenue | _ | 9,903,476 | 9,302,820 |
| 3 | Cash and cash equivalents | | | |
| | Cash on hand | | 43 | 143 |
| | Cash at bank | | 55,609 | 250,301 |
| | Cash investment accounts | _ | 21,859 | 177,755 |
| | | _ | 77,511 | 428,199 |
| | | | | |

(a) Reconciliation of available cash reserves

Cash and cash equivalents reported in the statement of financial position does not include available funds from unused loan facilities, as shown below:

| Cash and cash equivalents | | 77,511 | 428,199 |
|---|----|---------|---------|
| Available cash from unused portion of NAB loan facility | 10 | 600,000 | - |
| Available cash reserves | | 677,511 | 428,199 |

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Notes to the Financial Statements

| 4 | Trade and other receivables | | |
|---|---|-----------|-----------|
| | | 2024 | 2023 |
| | | \$ | \$ |
| | CURRENT | | |
| | Trade receivables | 924,576 | 738,174 |
| | Provision for impairment | (10,000) | (10,000) |
| | | 914,576 | 728,174 |
| | Accrued dividends and franking credits | 33,636 | 32,635 |
| | Other accrued income | 45,163 | - |
| | | 993,375 | 760,809 |
| | | | |
| 5 | Financial Assets | | |
| | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | | |
| | CURRENT | | |
| | Listed securities and managed funds | 971,395 | 948,576 |
| | | 971,395 | 948,576 |
| 6 | Other Assets | | |
| | CURRENT | | |
| | Prepayments | 237,072 | 150,537 |
| | | 237,072 | 150,537 |
| 7 | Intangible Assets | | |
| | Computer software | | |
| | At cost | 530,282 | 530,282 |
| | Accumulated amortisation | (368,048) | (327,117) |
| | Total computer software | 162,234 | 203,165 |
| | Total intangible assets | 162,234 | 203,165 |

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

8 Property, plant and equipment

| roporty, plant and oquipmont | 2024 \$ | 2023 \$ |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Land and buildings At valuation Accumulated depreciation | 12,302,523 (354,320) | 12,302,523 (328,717) |
| Total land and buildings | 11,948,203 | 11,973,806 |
| Plant and equipment At cost Accumulated depreciation | 1,071,057 (851,032) | 1,032,899 (800,502) |
| Total plant and equipment | 220,025 | 232,397 |
| Furniture, fixtures and fittings At cost Accumulated depreciation | 112,906 (64,791) | 108,715 (61,671) |
| Total furniture, fixtures and fittings | 48,115 | 47,044 |
| Surgical equipment At cost Accumulated depreciation | 150,110 (98,638) | 150,110 (90,929) |
| Total surgical equipment | 51,472 | 59,181 |
| Computer equipment At cost Accumulated depreciation | 185,941 (168,293) | 171,717 (139,073) |
| Total computer equipment | 17,648 | 32,644 |
| Total property, plant and equipment | 12,285,463 | 12,345,072 |

Land and buildings consist of the property at 80 Drummond Street, Carlton VIC. Land and buildings were revalued on 30 June 2022, based on the findings of an independent valuation report obtained from a professional valuer in October 2021.

National Australia Bank has a first registered mortgage over the Association's land and buildings.

9 Trade and other payables

| CURRENT | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Trade payables | 523,120 | 464,507 |
| Rental bonds held | 10,944 | 12,194 |
| Sundry payables and accrued expenses | 381,408 | 342,902 |
| | 915,472 | 819,603 |

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

10 Borrowings

| • | Note | 2024 \$ | 2023 \$ |
|---------------------------|----------|------------|------------|
| NON-CURRENT Bank loans | (a) | 2,400,000 | 2,985,414 |
| Dalik lualis | (a) _ | 2,400,000 | 2,900,414 |
| | <u>-</u> | 2,400,000 | 2,985,414 |

(a) Bank loans

As at 30 June 2024, the Association had a borrowing facility with the National Australia Bank (NAB) with an approved limit of \$3,000,000. This facility is due to expire on 31 October 2025. The unused facility of \$600,000 can be drawn upon to meet cashflow requirements of the company.

11 Provisions

| C | CURRENT | | |
|------|---|---------|---------|
| P | Provision for employee leave entitlements | 703,085 | 734,520 |
| | <u>-</u> | 703,085 | 734,520 |
| N | ION-CURRENT | | |
| P | Provision for employee leave entitlements | 14,845 | 23,634 |
| | = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = | 14,845 | 23,634 |
| 12 C | Other liabilities | | |
| C | CURRENT | | |
| | Deferred income | 702,986 | 424,171 |
| | <u>-</u> | 702,986 | 424,171 |

13 Reserves

Asset revaluation reserve

The asset revaluation reserve records fair value movements on property, plant and equipment held under the revaluation model.

Special purpose funds

This reserve represents funds set aside from the receipt of significant bequests.

14 Contingent Liabilities

There are no contingent liabilities at the end of the reporting period.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

15 Key Management Personnel Disclosures

The aggregate remuneration paid (or payable) to key management personnel of the Association during the financial year was \$837,640 (2023: \$856,760).

Board members are not remunerated for services provided in their capacity as a board member.

16 Related Parties

Other than the remuneration of key management personnel, there were no material transactions with related parties during the current or prior financial year.

17 Auditors' Remuneration

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|---|--------|--------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Remuneration of the auditor (fees invoiced during the financial year), for: | | |
| - auditing the financial report | 23,000 | 20,700 |
| - accounting assistance and other assurance services | 3,350 | 630 |
| - disbursements | 337 | 203 |
| | 26,687 | 21,533 |

18 Cash Flow Information

Reconciliation of surplus/(deficit) for the year to net cash provided by operating activities:

| Surplus/(deficit) for the year | 141,646 | (268,967) |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Non-cash flows in surplus/(deficit): | | |
| - depreciation | 157,113 | 124,259 |
| - impairment of receivables | - | 10,000 |
| - (gain)/loss on fair value movements in financial assets | (28,739) | (62,338) |
| Changes in assets and liabilities: | | |
| - (increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables | (232,566) | (238,298) |
| - (increase)/decrease in other assets | (86,535) | 8,705 |
| - increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables | 95,869 | (167,398) |
| - increase/(decrease) in provisions | (40,224) | 105,087 |
| - increase/(decrease) in other liabilities | 278,815 | (174,972) |
| Cashflows from operations | 285,379 | (663,922) |

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

19 Events Occurring After the Reporting Date

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Association, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Association in future financial years.

20 Association Details

The registered office and principal place of business of the association is: Skin Health Institute Inc.
Level 1, 80 Drummond Street
Carlton VIC 3053

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Statement by Members of the Board

The board members have determined that the Association is not a reporting entity, and that this special purpose financial report should be prepared in accordance with the Accounting Policies outlined in Note 1 to the financial statements.

The board members declare that in their opinion:

- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Association is able to pay all of its debts, as and when they become due and payable;
- the financial report gives a true and fair view of Association's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of its financial performance for the year ended; and
- the financial statements and notes satisfy the requirements of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012.

Signed in accordance with subsection 60.15(2) of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profit Commission Regulations 2022.

Board member

Date: 157/0/24



ABN: 58 895 584 259

Auditors Independence Declaration to the Board Members of Skin Health Institute Inc.

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2024, there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in section 60-40 of the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012* in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Saward Dawson

Jeffrey Tulk Partner

Blackburn

Date: 17 October 2024







ABN: 58 895 584 259

Independent Audit Report to the members of Skin Health Institute Inc.

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Skin Health Institute Inc., which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies, and the statement by members of the board.

In our opinion the financial report of Skin Health Institute Inc. has been prepared in accordance with Division 60 of the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012*, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the Association's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of its financial performance for the year ended; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards to the extent described in Note 1, and Division 60 of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulations 2022.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Association in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012* (ACNC Act) and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 to the financial report, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial report has been prepared for the purpose of fulfilling the Association's financial reporting responsibilities under the ACNC Act. As a result, the financial report may not be suitable for another purpose. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Responsibilities of Board Members for the Financial Report

The board members of the Association are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and have determined that the basis of preparation described in Note 1 to the financial report is appropriate to meet the requirements of the ACNC Act and the needs of the members. The board members' responsibility also includes such internal control as the board members determine is necessary to enable the preparation of a financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.







ABN: 58 895 584 259

Independent Audit Report to the members of Skin Health Institute Inc.

In preparing the financial report, the board members are responsible for assessing the Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the board members either intend to liquidate the Association or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform
 audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our
 opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud
 may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the board members.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the board members' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Association's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Association to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.







ABN: 58 895 584 259

Independent Audit Report to the members of Skin Health Institute Inc.

We communicate with board members regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Saward Dawson

Jeffrey Tulk Partner

Blackburn

Date: 17 October 2024

